Bomanite Epoxy Mortar Resin Part B



Material Safety Data Sheet

The Bomanite Company 8789 Auburn Folsom Rd. #108 Granite Bay, CA 95746 Health: 2
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0
Personal Protection See VII

Equipment:

Emergency Telephone Number: Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

Notice: The following information is accurate to the best of our knowledge and is offered in good faith. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

I. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Bomanite Epoxy Mortar Resin Part B

Synonymous: N/A

Chemical Family: Polyamine solution

Chemical Formula: Proprietary

D.O.T. Hazard Class: Amines, Liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (TRIS-2,4,6 – (DIMETHYL

AMINOMETHYL) PHENOL) // 8 // UN2735 // PG III.

Appearance & Odor: Amber viscous liquid, phenolic odor.

II. HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS & EXPOSURE LIMITS

Composition	%	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TLV	CAS NO.
Polyoxypropylenediamine	30-60	NE	NE	009046-10-0
2-methyl-2,4-pentanediol	30-60	NE	NE	000107-41-5
Aminoethyl piperazine	15-40	NE	NE	000140-31-8
Triethylenetetramine	7-13	NE	NE	000112-24-3
Tris-2,4,6 dimethyl aminomethyl phenol	7-13	NE	NE	000090-72-2

III. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Specific Gravity: 0.96 ($H_2O=1$) Boiling Point: >250 F (121 C) Melting Point: 32 F (0 C)

Vapor Pressure: N/A
Vapor Density: N/A
Evaporation Rate: N/A
Solubility In Water: < 1%

IV. FIRE EXPLOSION & REACTIVITY DATA

Flash Point: 230 F (110 C) Pensky-Martin Closed Cup

Flammable Limits: N/A

Firefighting Media: Ignition may give rise to class B fire. In case of fire use water fog, carbon

dioxide, dry chemical, alcohol foam.

Firefighting

Procedure: N/A

Special Firefighting

Procedure: None likely with small quantities. For large quantities, firefighters should

wear butyl rubber boots, gloves and body suit. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn. Water spray is useful in cooling fire-exposed

vessels and in dispersing vapors.

Unusual Fire Hazards: May generate toxic or irritating combustion products. Sudden reaction

and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent.

Reactivity: Stable

Incompatibilities: Oxidizing agents (peroxides, nitrates), acids.

Decomposition or

Byproducts: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, ammonia. Nitrogen oxides can be

produced if heated, burned or reacted with incompatible materials.

Hazardous

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: None.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Inhalation: Vapors may cause damage to contacted tissue and produce scarring.

Repeated or prolonged exposures can cause tightness of chest,

shortness of breath and cough.

Skin Contact: Undiluted product quickly causes irritation, may cause chemical burns.

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause allergic reaction/sensitization,

defatting of skin, rash and irritation.

Eye Contact: Severe irritant. May cause burns. Vapor may cause lacrimation and

reversible corneal edema. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause

conjunctivitis or corneal damage.

Ingestion: May cause irritation and bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Repeated

or prolonged contact may cause scarring of the affected tissues.

Aggravated Medical

Conditions: Asthma, bronchitis, emphysema; eye disease; skin disorders and

allergies.

Overexposure

Effects: Lacrimation of eyes, skin irritation, dizziness.

Carcinogenicity: This product does not contain 0.1% or more of any substance that is

listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Revised Bomanite Epoxy Mortar Resin Part B - Page 2 of 3 06/2007

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give assisted respiration if breathing has stopped or

is labored; call a physician.

Skin Contact: Remove product and flush affected area with water for 15 minutes. If

irritation persists, get medical attention. Victims of major skin area should

remain under medical observation for 24 hours.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: If conscious, give large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce

vomiting; get medical attention.

VI. SPILL PROCEDURES & WASTE DISPOSAL

Spill: Shut off sources of ignition. Cover spills with absorbent material. Place in

metal containers for recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into sewers,

storm drains and waterways.

Waste

Disposal: Incineration is preferred. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State

and Local regulations. Chemical and/or biological degradation is feasible.

Precautions for Safe Handling

And Storage: Keep away from oxidizers, heat or flame. Store and handle in well

ventilated areas. Keep cool, dry and in closed containers.

Other Precautions: N/A

VII. PROTECTIVE CONTROL MEASURES

Respirator: None required in adequately ventilated areas. if vapor concentration

exceeds 20 ppm for longer than 15 minutes, a NIOSH approved

respirator for organic vapors is recommended.

Ventilation: General and local exhaust.

Special: Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be readily available.

Protective Gloves: Nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Wear chemical splash proof goggles or chemical safety glasses.

Other Protective

Clothing Required: Long sleeve shirts and trousers.

Work/Hygiene Practices

Wash hands after use and before eating, drinking or smoking.